

# Cisco Silicon One

Redefine your AI/ML Network

Yaron Agami  
Senior Manager, Product Marketing

Ramesh Sivakolundu  
Director, Technical Marketing

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# Cisco Webex App

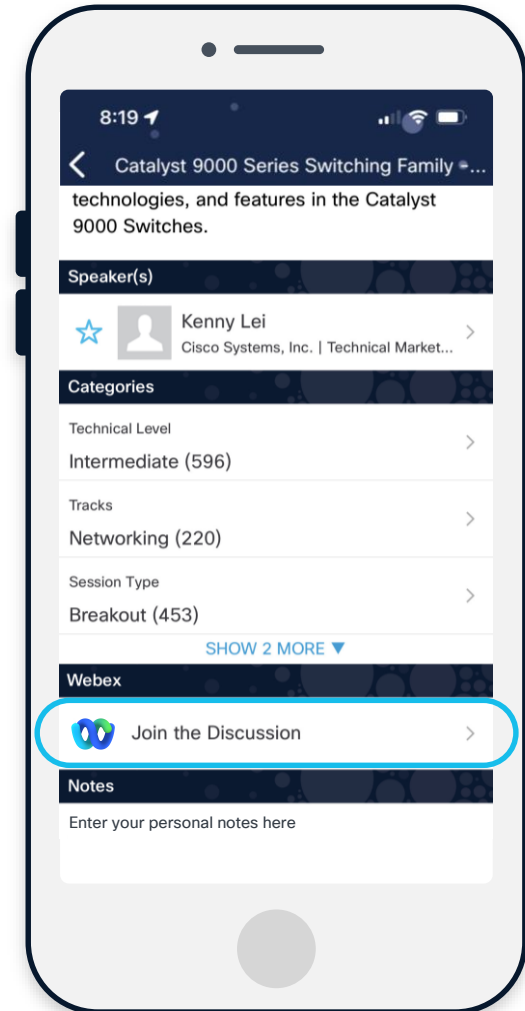
## Questions?

Use Cisco Webex App to chat with the speaker after the session

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- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Live Mobile App
- 2 Click “Join the Discussion”
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<https://ciscolive.ciscoevents.com/ciscolivebot/#PSODCN-1005>

# Agenda

- 01 Introduction to Cisco Silicon One**
- 02 Networking in AI / ML clusters**
- 03 Cisco in AI / ML clusters**
- 04 Cisco Silicon One AI / ML differentiators**

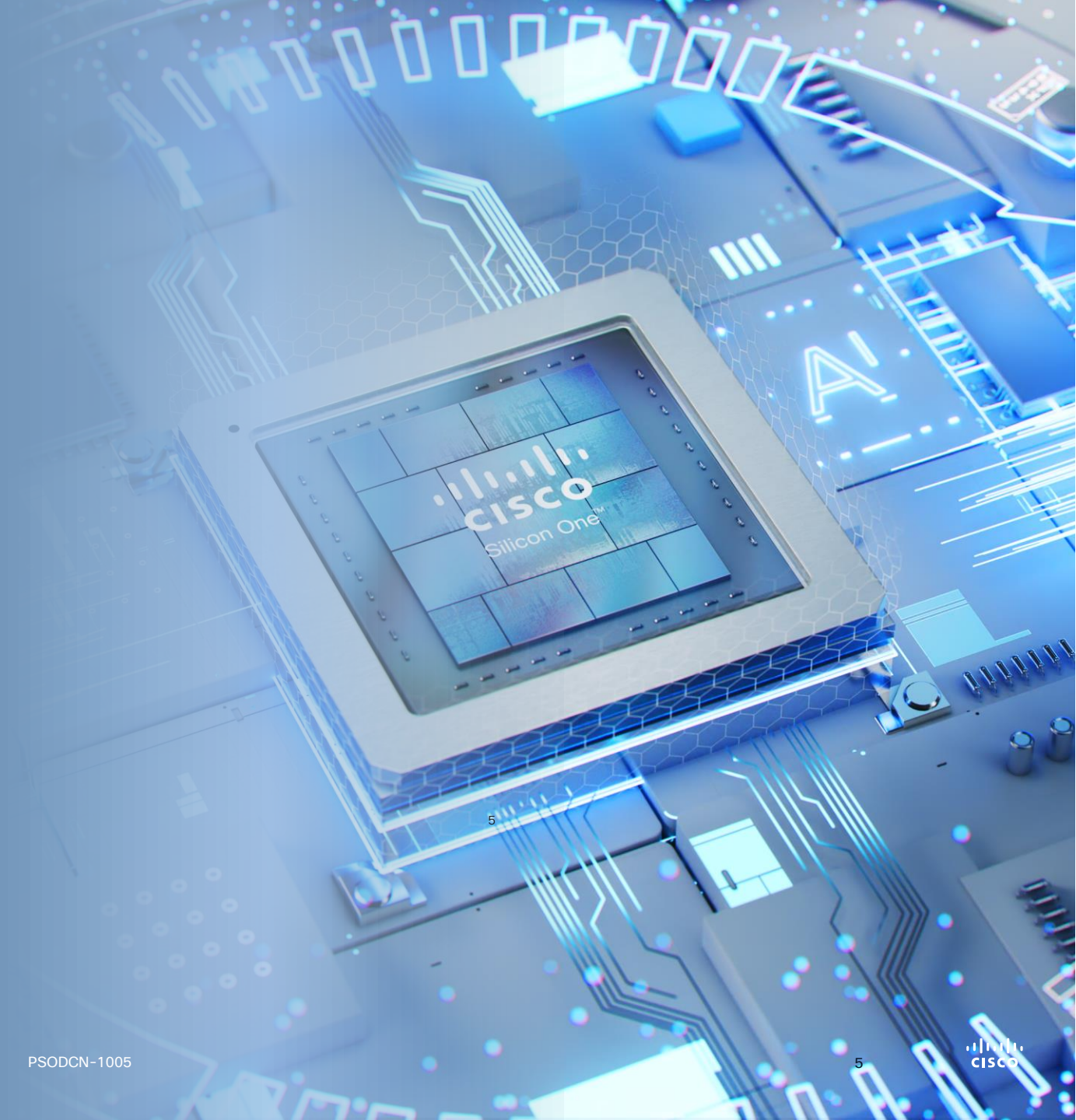
# Introduction to Cisco Silicon One

# Cisco Silicon One

**Purpose built** silicon devices  
Built on a **unified** architecture

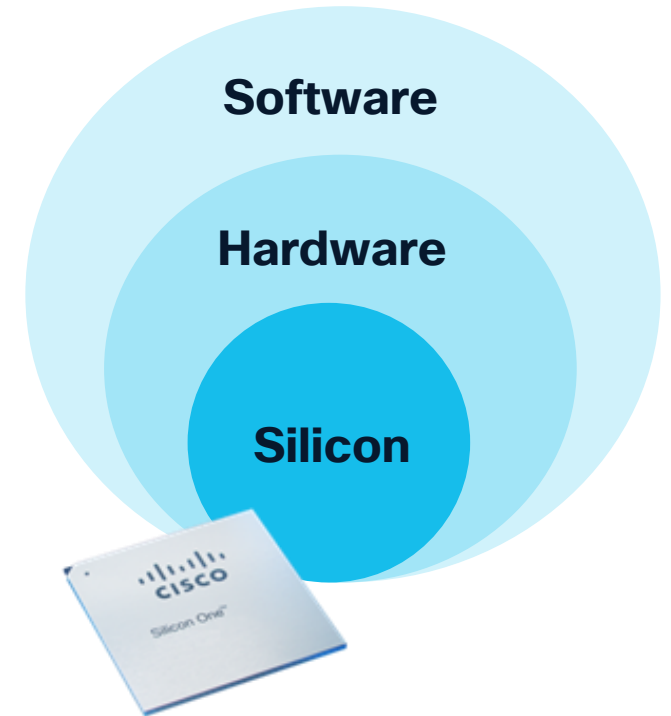
Powering **networks** that drive the  
future of business

To meet new **paradigm of scale**



# One Architecture. One Experience. Unmatched Capabilities

- 17 silicon chips were already developed
- Used in 60 Cisco platforms across all customer segments
- Powers
  - All of Cisco 8000 systems, every new Nexus and Catalyst system
  - 5 out of 6 Tier1 Web Scalers are using Cisco Silicon One, with more than 20 use cases
  - Running variety of operating systems, including SONiC OS



# Breakthrough innovation in performance, flexibility, and sustainability

Cisco Silicon One is a unifying architecture that delivers the highest bandwidth routing and web scale switching silicon in the industry



## Get performance at scale

Meet demands for scale with a choice of a high-performance, feature-rich, and low-power networking silicon—that provides a consistent experience across the entire Cisco Silicon One portfolio.



## Leverage programmability

Evolve your AI/ML infrastructure with programmability while still providing low latency, cost, and power.



## Boost sustainability

Reduce costs, power, and latency of network deployments with fewer network layers. That means a more sustainable network with fewer devices that last longer and are more efficient.



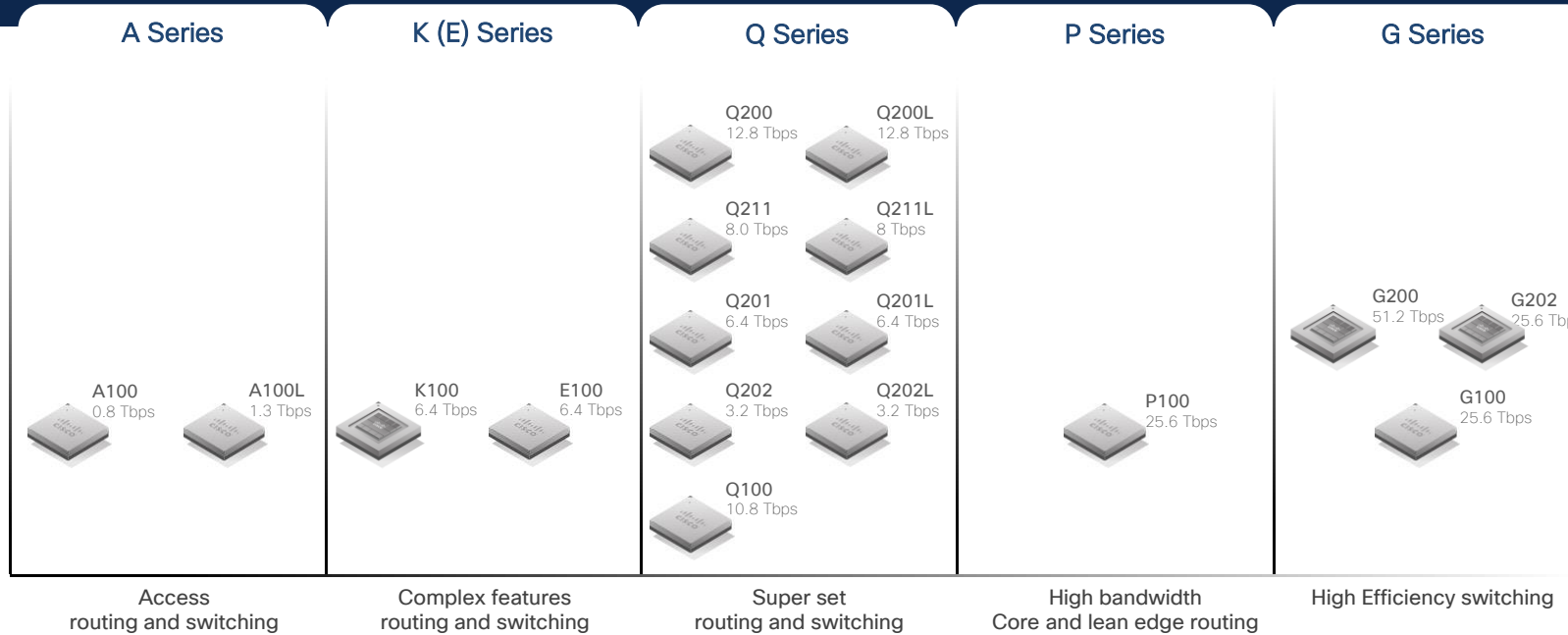
## Manage and secure

Get end-to-end visibility, so you can see everything and respond when needed—with advanced trustworthy telemetry capabilities.

From top-of-rack (ToR) switches, web scale data centers and across service providers, to enterprise networks and data centers with a unified routing and switching portfolio, our devices power Cisco and third-party systems

# Cisco Silicon One

One Architecture. Multiple Devices. No Compromise



### Use Cases

- Access
- Distribution
- Core
- Data Center
- Access
- Pre-aggregation
- Aggregation
- Core
- Peering
- Spine
- Leaf
- TOR
- DCI

### Market segments

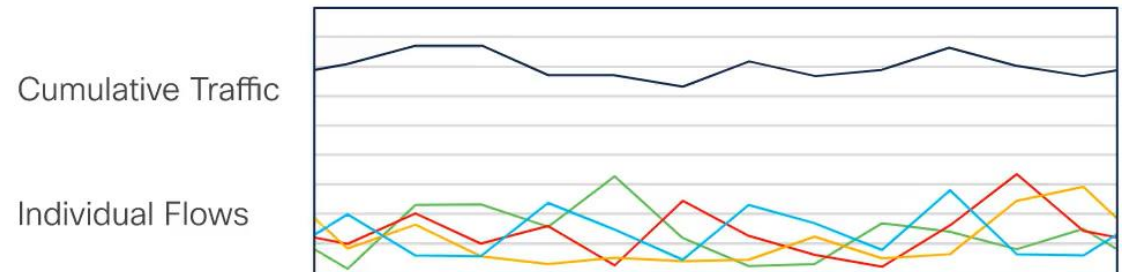
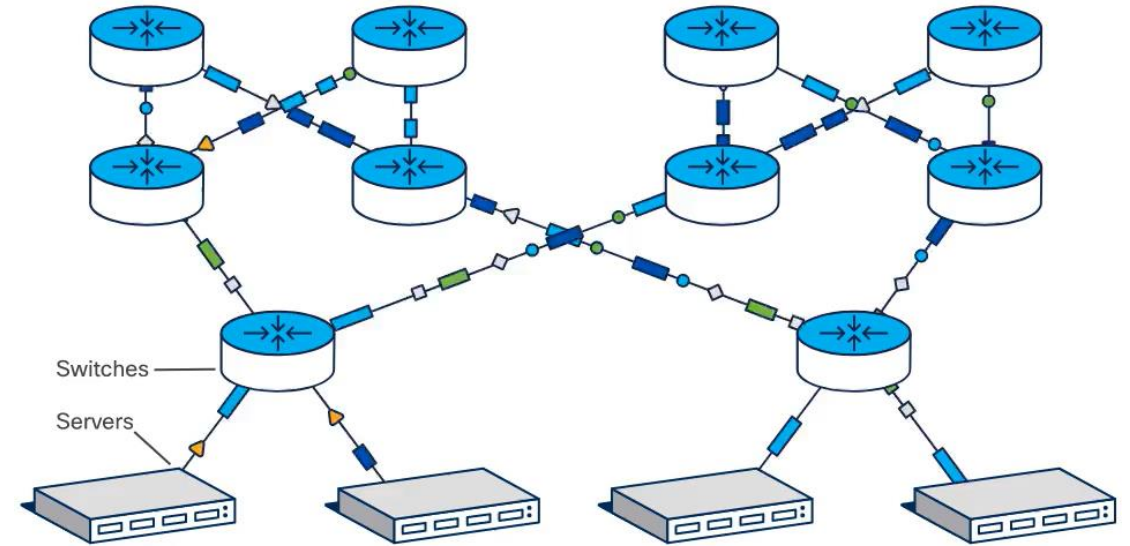


One Architecture, SDK and P4 Forwarding Code

# Networking in AI / ML clusters

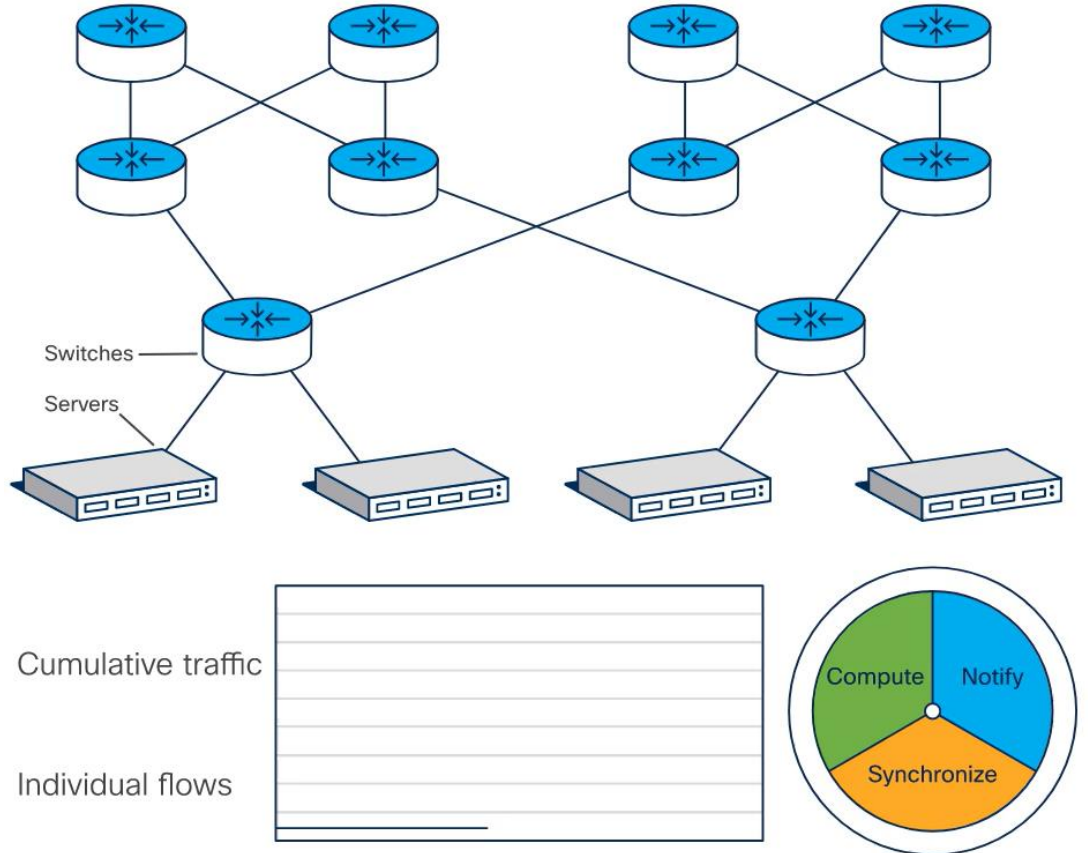
# Traditional Data Center traffic patterns

- **Numerous server applications** generate diverse traffic patterns and timing
- Flows are **random, asynchronous, and low-bandwidth**
- These small flows result in a **consistent average network load** over time



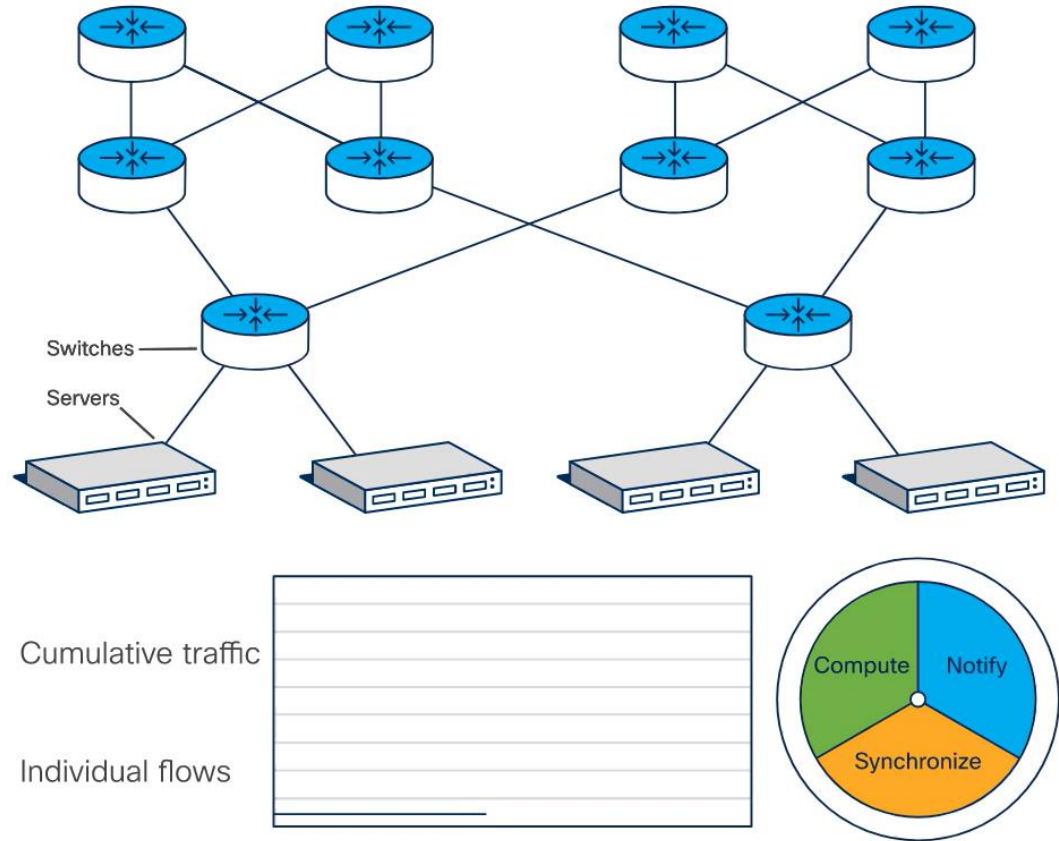
# AI Data Center traffic patterns – optimized network

- AI/ML workloads depend on fewer; high-bandwidth flows with sharp fluctuations in network load
- Three execution phases drive traffic patterns:
  - Computation: GPUs process data
  - Notify: Results are exchanged between GPUs
  - Synchronization: GPUs wait for the slowest path to complete
- Optimized networks reduce delays, improving Job Completion Time (JCT) and maximizing GPU utilization.



# AI Data Center traffic patterns – network issues

- Network issues **disrupt synchronized flows**, causing delays in AI/ML workloads.
  - Congestion
  - Link failures
  - Uneven load balancing.
- Extended synchronization times lead to **increased Job Completion Time (JCT)**
- Inefficiencies can add **20–45% to AI execution time**



# AI Networking Ethernet Fabric Choices

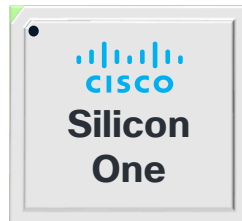
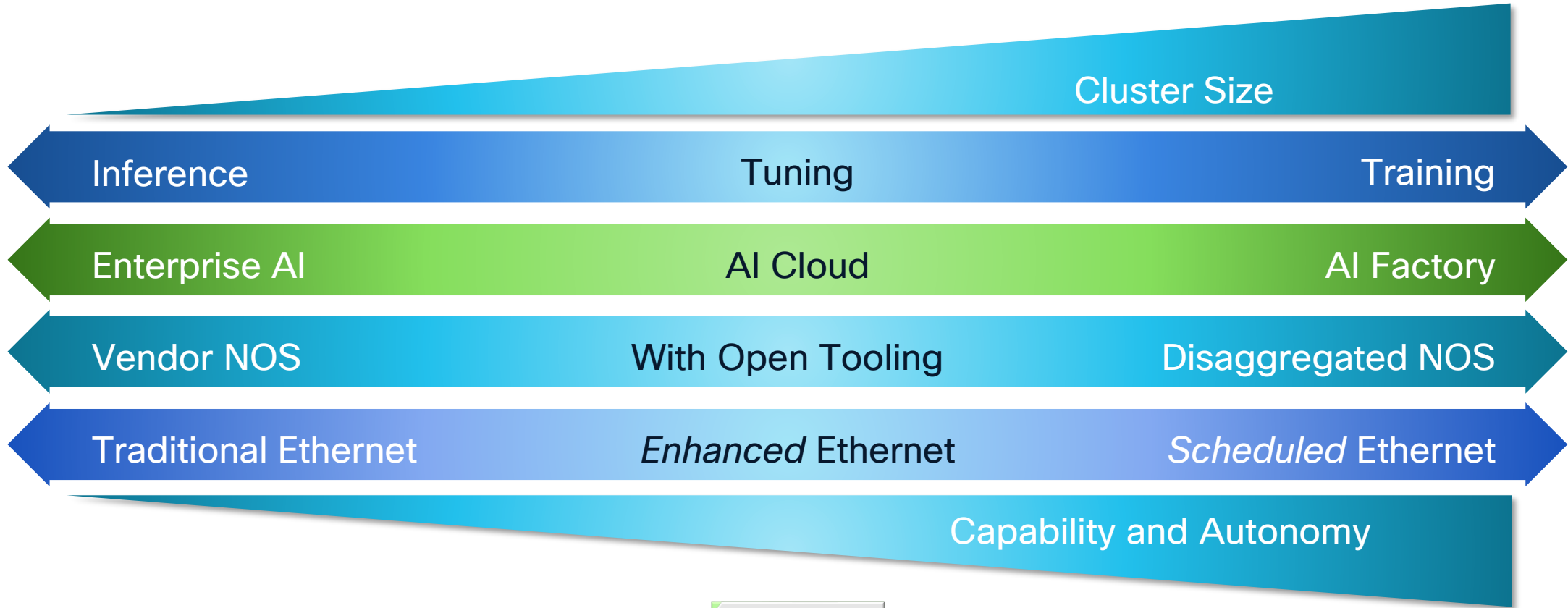
Lower latency, high bandwidth and superior multi-job efficiency, for optimal AI workload performance

Standard Ethernet	Enhanced Ethernet	Ultra Ethernet consortium	Scheduled Ethernet
Foundational networking, for general-purpose data communication	Upgraded Ethernet for better reliability and efficiency for AI networking	AI-focused Ethernet initiative optimizing Ethernet for large-scale AI workloads	Ethernet with deterministic scheduling, providing short job completion time
Scalability – support high speed connections, cost-effectiveness, broad industry adoption	Lossless transport, improved Quality of Service (QoS), better congestion control	AI-aware congestion control, low latency, scalability, industry compatibility, improved RDMA performance	Predictable latency, time-synchronized packet delivery
High bandwidth but lacks low-latency and congestion management for AI workloads	Reduces packet loss, improves stability for AI training clusters	Designed for multi-job AI training, dynamic resource allocation, scalability, large AI training clusters	Useful for AI real-time and time-sensitive applications

**Silicon One programable architecture gives customers flexibility to program networks into various modes**

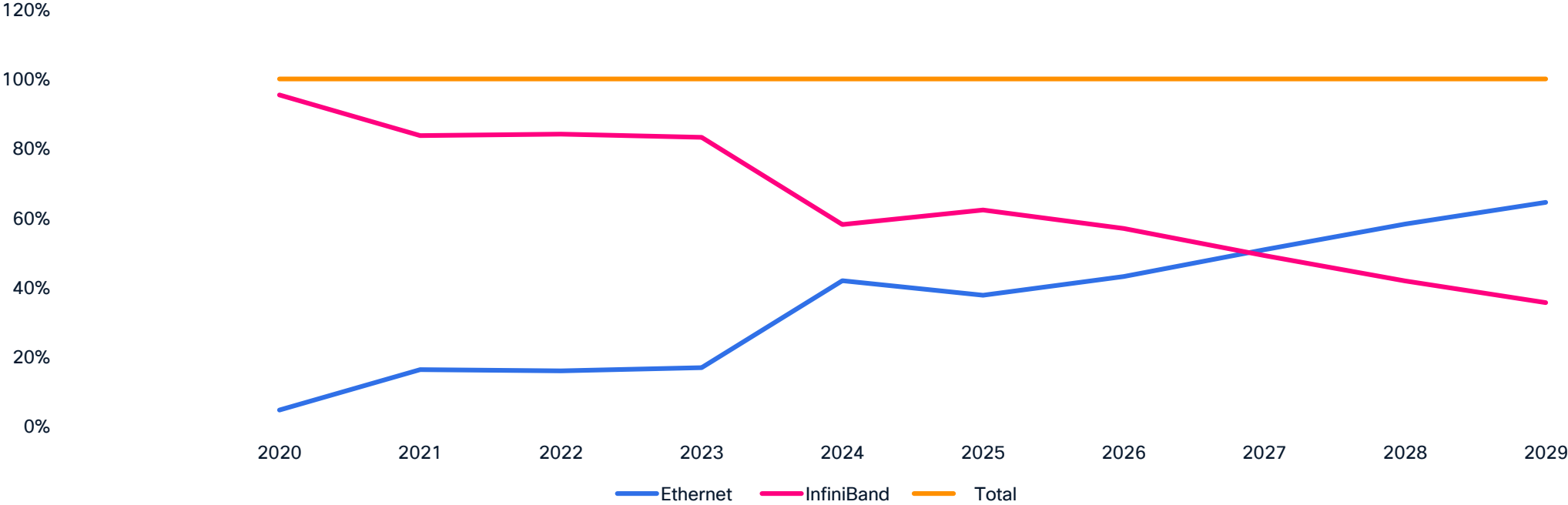
# Where does Ethernet fit across AI Landscape?

An Oversimplified Clustering of AI Technology Requirements



# AI back-end network switch market share

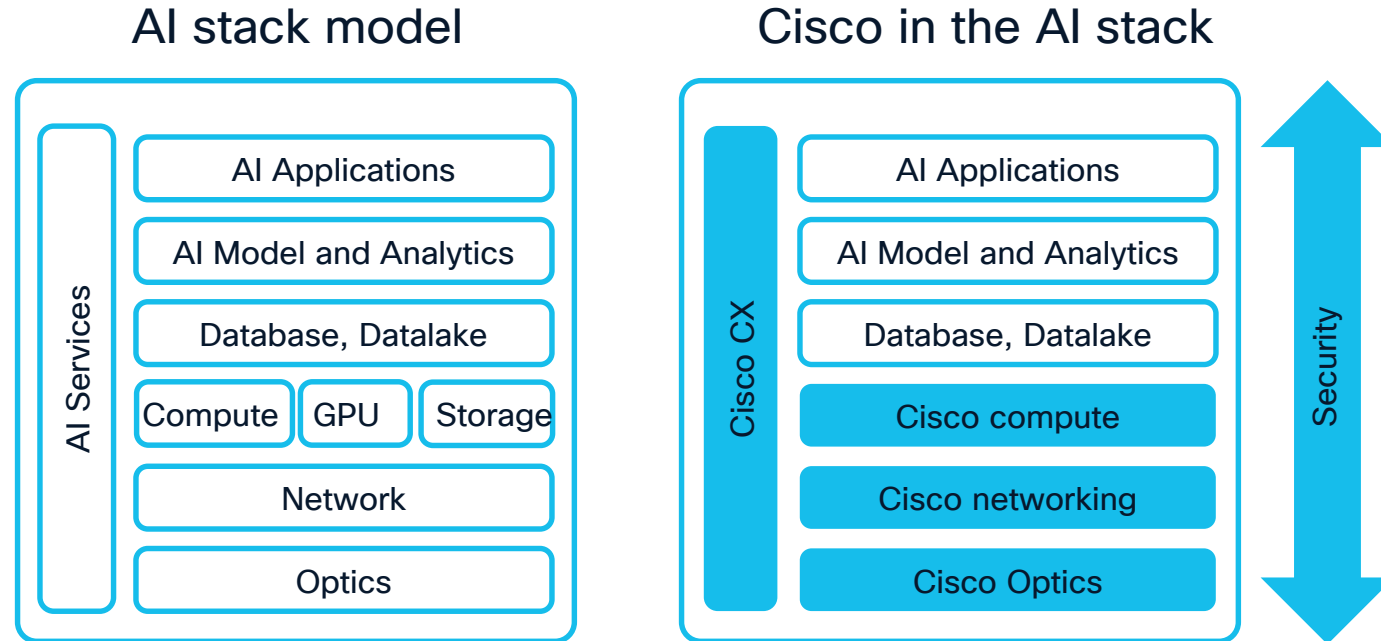
Worldwide AI Back-End Networks - Share of Switches by Technology



Source:  DELL'ORO GROUP ADVANCED RESEARCH REPORT AI NETWORKS FOR AI WORKLOADS MARKET FORECAST (January 2025)

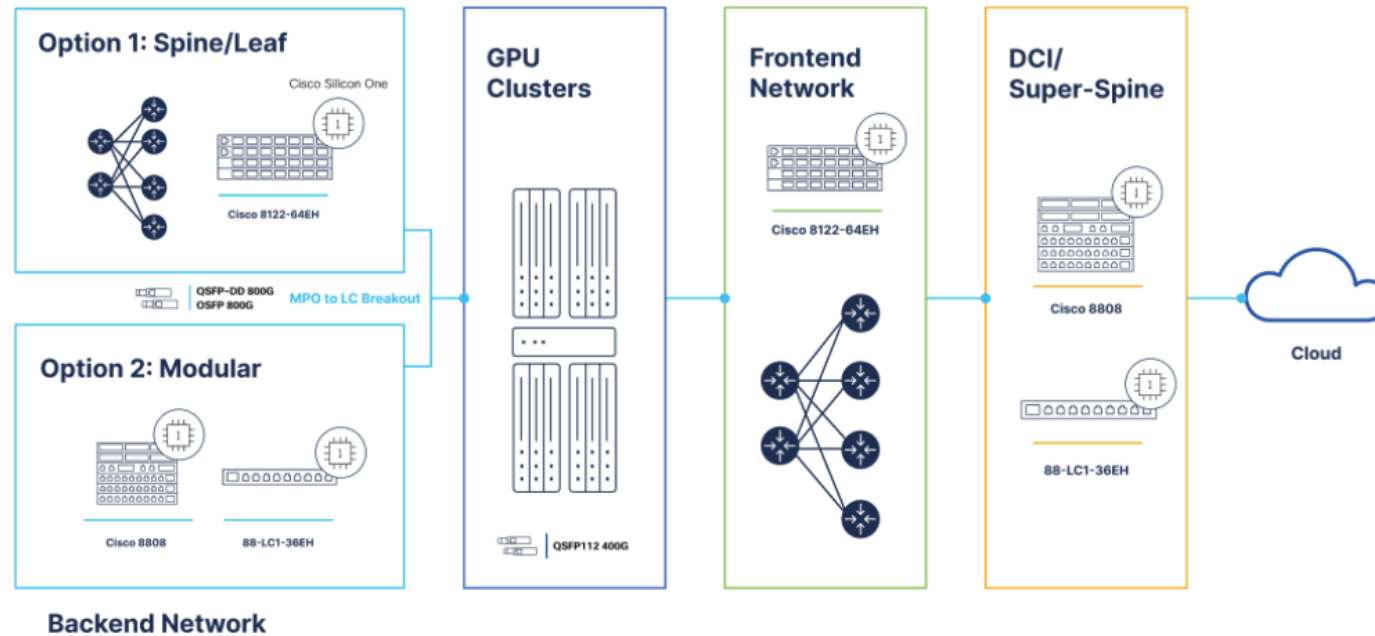
# Cisco in AI / ML clusters

# Breaking Down the AI Stack



# AI Native Infrastructure

The demands of AI/ML workloads are surging, and the solution is clear: modern Ethernet-based AI-native infrastructure. You can now deliver open, high-performance, scalable infrastructure that supports AI/ML workloads.



# Cisco Nexus Hyperfabric AI

- ✓ Design, deploy and operate on-premises fabrics located anywhere
- ✓ Easy enough for IT generalists, application and DevOps teams
- ✓ Outcome driven by a purpose-built vertical stack

High-performance Ethernet

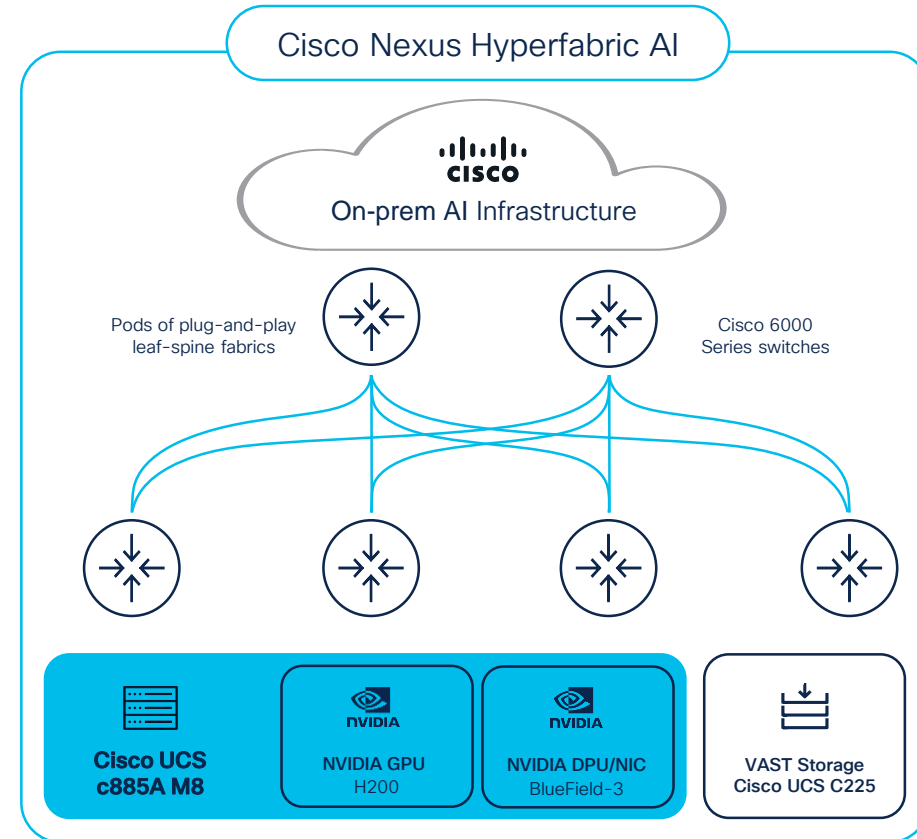
Cloud-managed operations

Democratize AI infrastructure

Unified stack including NVAIE

AI-native operational model

Visibility into full stack AI



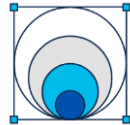
# Cisco Silicon One AI/ML differentiators

# Cisco Silicon One Differentiators For AI networking



## Efficient Workload Processing

Optimized for AI/ML and modern networks



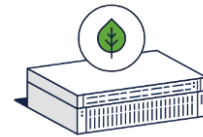
## Scalable Clusters

Flexible support for any scale of infrastructure



## Programmable Infrastructure

Adaptable to evolving workloads and use cases



## Sustainable Data Centers

Energy-efficient and cost-effective



## Management & Control

Telemetry for seamless operations



## Security & Reliability

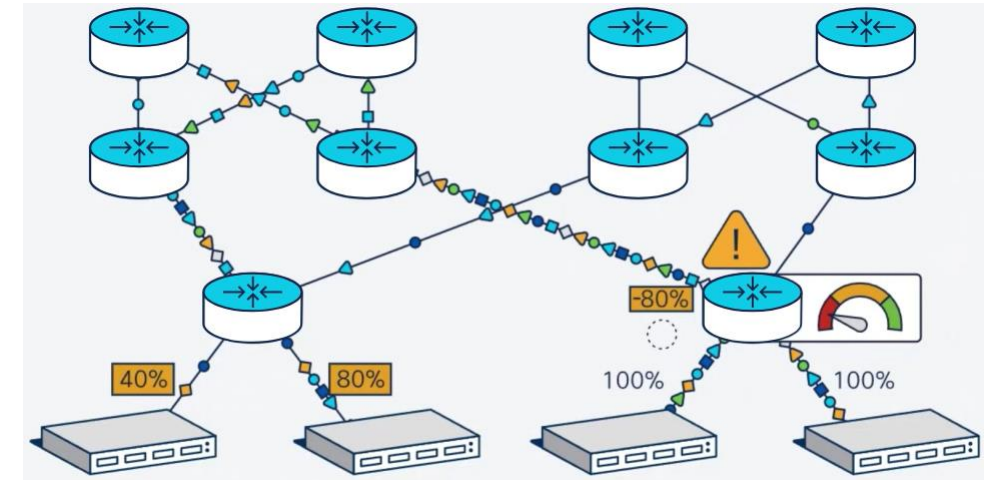
Built-in encryption and secure networks

# Efficient workload processing

## Load balancing alternatives

- **Traditional – ECMP**

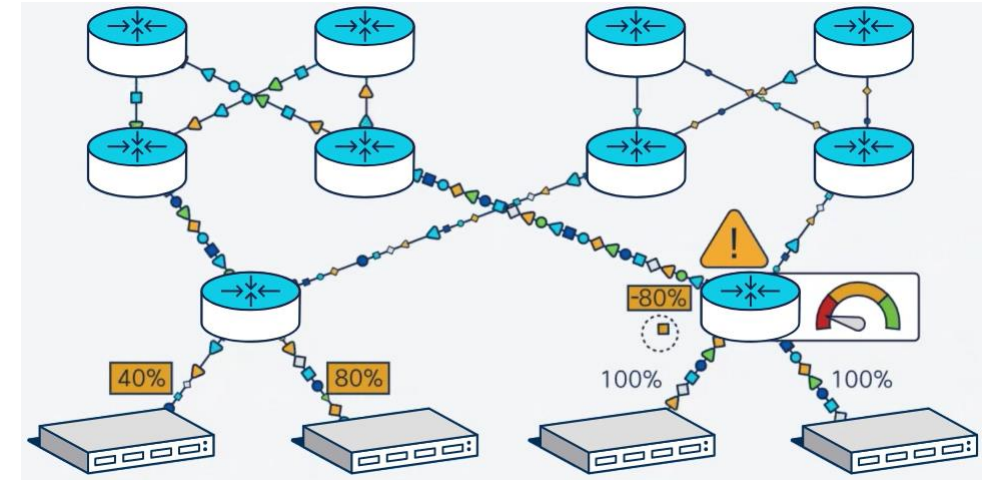
- Distributes data evenly across multiple network paths for smooth flow
- Uses stateless Equal-Cost Multi-Path (ECMP) routing
- Relies on a unique code from data source and destination
- Ensures data travels the best path, maintaining order



# Efficient workload processing

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- **Dynamic stateful – Flowlet**
  - Unlike stateless ECMP, maintains state per flow and re-balances paths during idle times
  - Adapts to conditions to optimize link utilization and performance

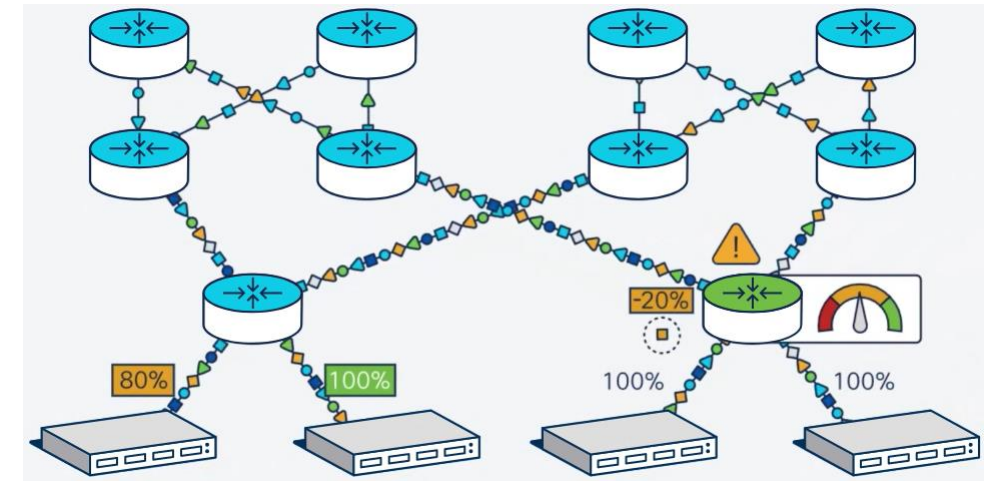


# Efficient workload processing



## Load balancing alternatives

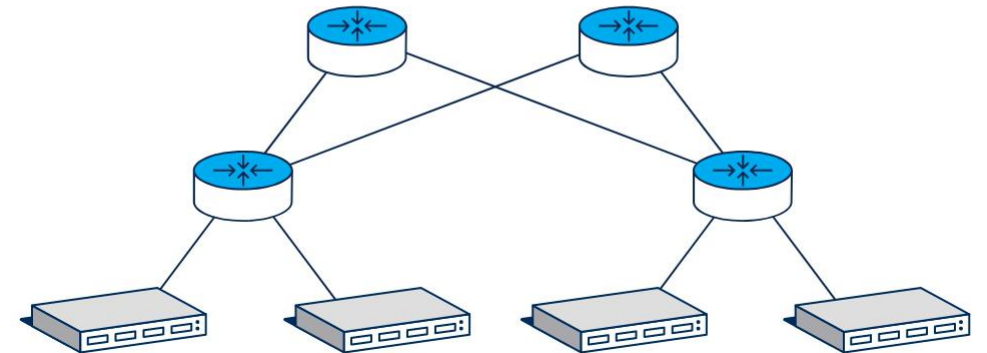
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- **Dynamic stateless - packet spray**
  - The switch sprays data packets randomly in a round-robin fashion across all available network paths based upon port utilization
  - Optimizes resources and maintains packet order for reliable transmission
  - Enhances performance by adapting to network conditions and maximizing link use



# Efficient workload processing

Packet trimming manages congestion

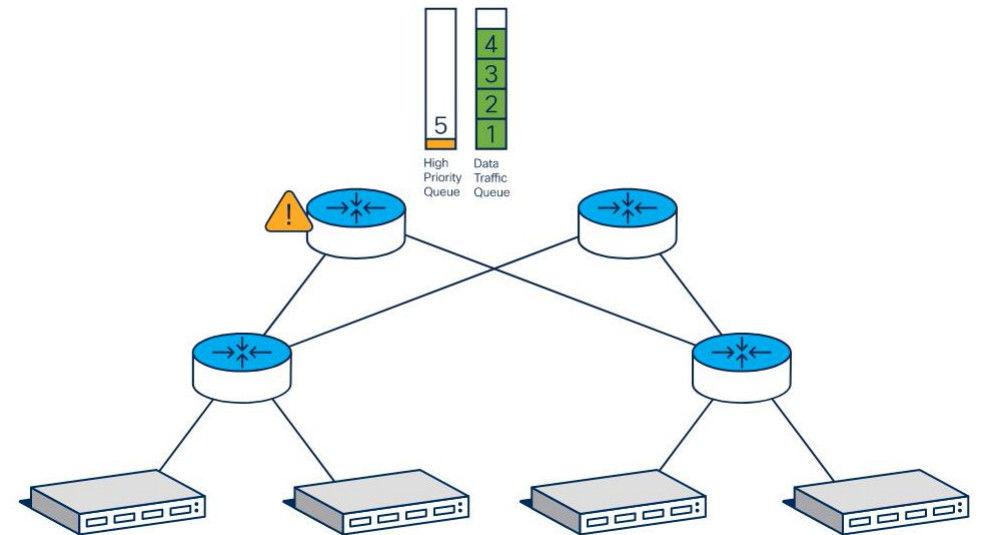
- **Cisco Silicon One's Packet Trimming** ensures critical feedback is delivered during severe congestion
- **Payloads are removed** from dropped packets, but **headers are retained** and prioritized
- Retained headers: **Forwarded to the destination** or **returned to the sender**
- Reduces **retransmission delays** and provides explicit drop notifications
- **Endpoints react quickly** to adjust traffic flow and prevent further congestion



# Efficient workload processing

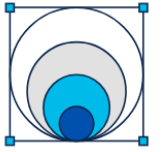
Packet trimming - Forwarding enables faster recovery

- **Forward to Destination mode** sends trimmed packet headers to the destination via a **high-priority queue**
- The **destination notifies the source** of dropped packets for immediate retransmission
- Minimizes **retransmission timeouts** and accelerates congestion recovery



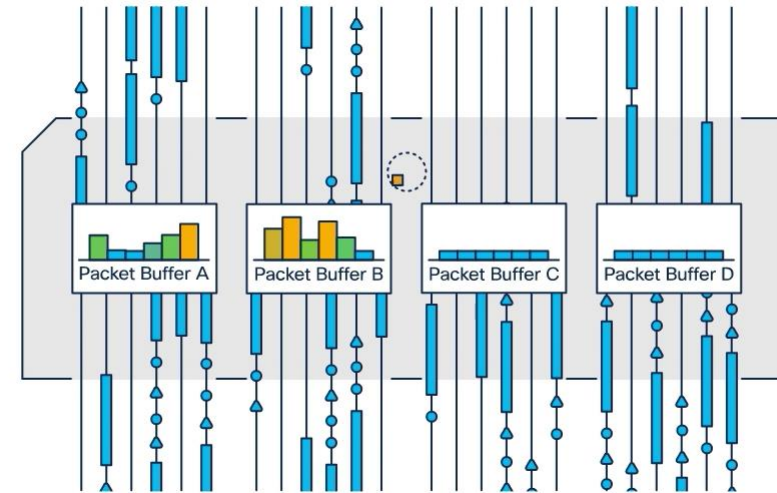
# Scalable clusters

Silicon One architectural superiority



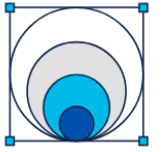
## Traditional Memory Struggles with AI Traffic

- **Fixed buffer allocations** in traditional memory architectures are inefficient for bursty AI traffic
- **Congestion causes buffers to fill quickly**, leading to packet drops and interrupted data flows
- AI clusters amplify the issue due to **uneven bursts** from GPUs completing tasks at different times
- Traditional architectures cannot scale to meet the **high-bandwidth demands** of AI workloads or multi-terabit Ethernet-based AI fabrics



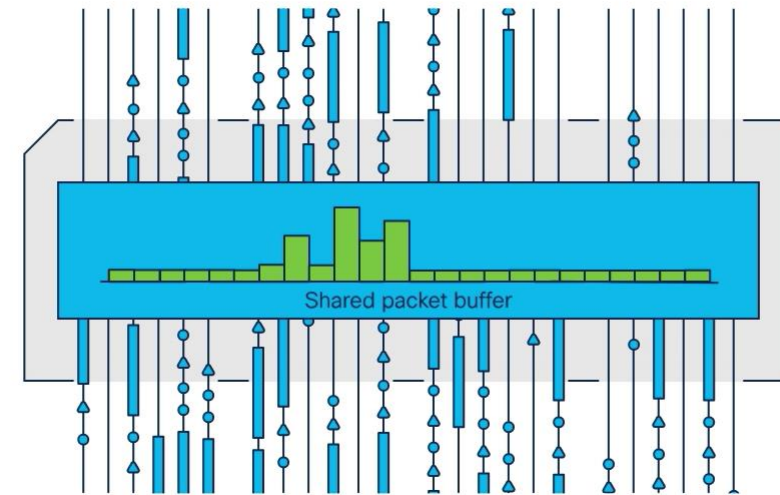
# Scalable clusters

Silicon One architectural superiority



## Shared Memory Transforms Scalability

- **Dynamic shared memory** optimizes resource utilization across all ports, eliminating packet drops
- Absorbs **traffic bursts** and ensures **fair memory distribution** in real time for smooth data flow
- **Sophisticated queuing mechanisms** prioritize critical traffic, reduce latency, and handle multi-terabit speeds
- Minimizes **power consumption** and **silicon redundancy**, enabling cost-effective, high-performance AI networking



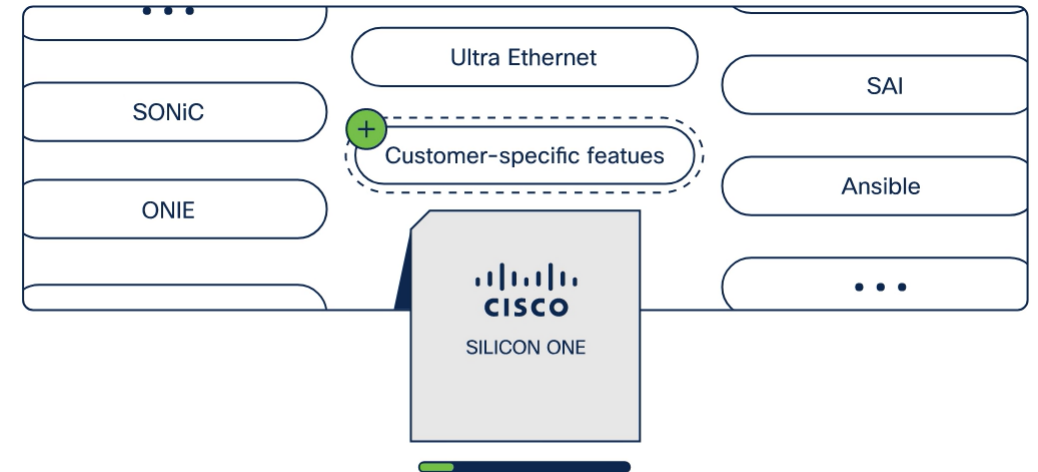
# Programmable network

Network programmability



## What is Programmable Networking?

- **Redefines flexibility** by enabling dynamic updates to ASIC features and hardware behavior without hardware changes
- Seamlessly integrates new capabilities, ensuring networks evolve with emerging needs.



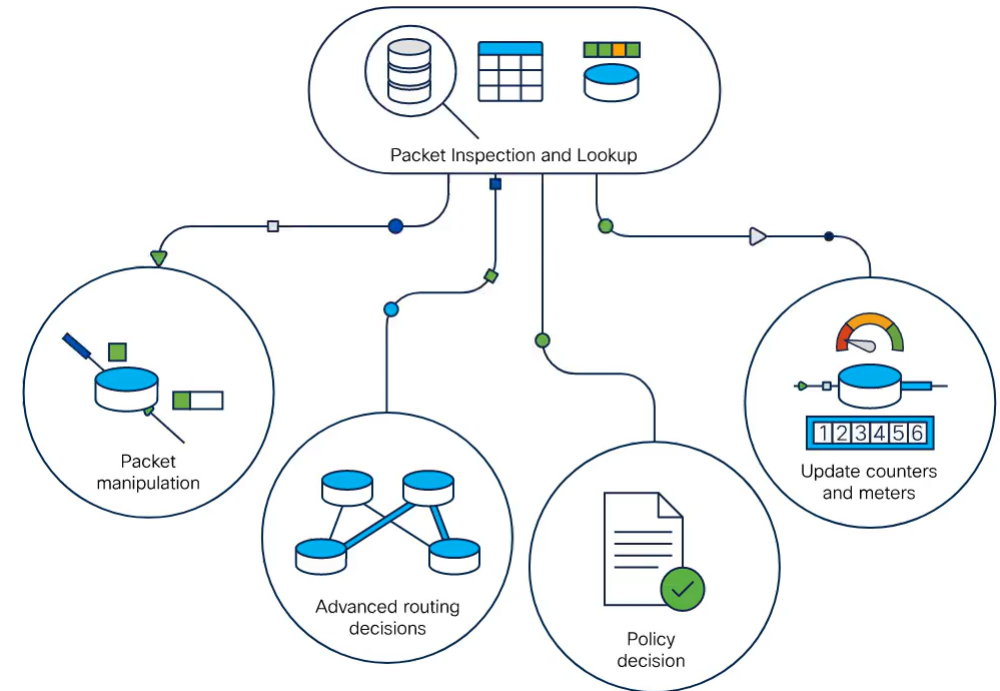
# Programmable network

Network programmability



## How It Works?

- **Powered by P4**, Cisco Silicon One adapts hardware behavior to evolving requirements
- Key capabilities include:
  - **Precise packet inspection** to determine actions
  - **Real-time packet manipulation** to resize packets or add metadata for new protocols.
  - **Advanced routing techniques**, ensure optimal path selection
  - **Telemetry updates** provide actionable insights for traffic optimization
- Delivers unmatched **flexibility** to adapt to changing standards and workloads



# Programmable network

Cisco Silicon One SDK Empowers Programmability



- Provides a **unified, consistent development experience** across all Silicon One systems
- Simplifies network management, accelerates feature deployment, and enhances serviceability
- Key features include:
  - **Consistent debug shell, shared APIs, and a common abstraction layer** for streamlined troubleshooting and seamless migrations
  - **Granular control** over packet handling, telemetry, and load balancing
- **Hitless software upgrades** ensure uninterrupted operation during updates, critical for environments requiring continuous uptime
- Enables **reliable, scalable, and future-ready networks**

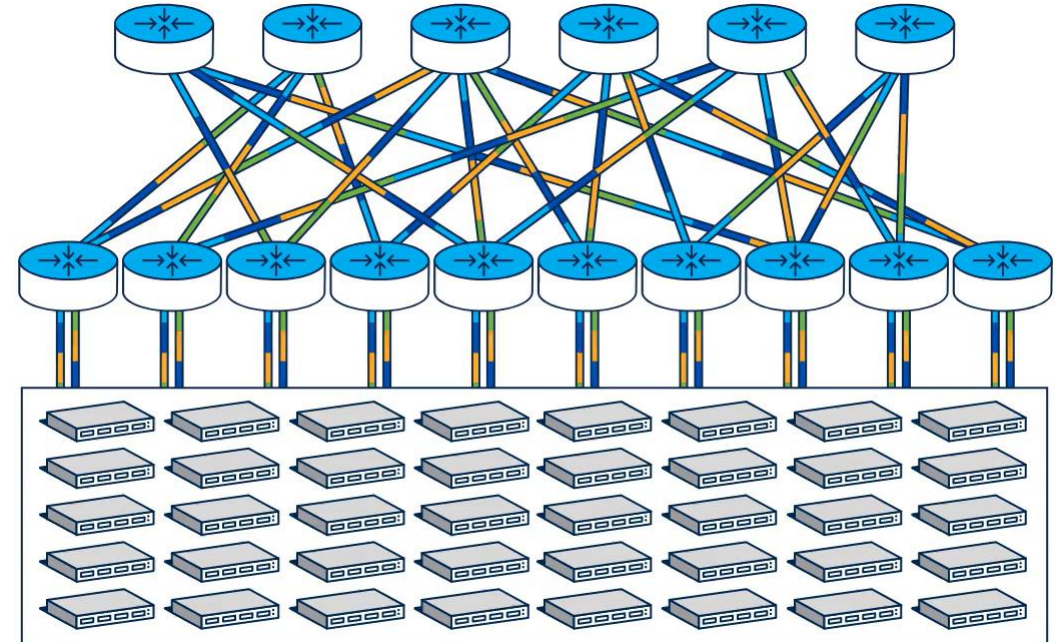


# Advance Data Center Sustainability



## Advanced SerDes innovations

- AI-optimized networks offer 100 to 1000 times more bandwidth than traditional ones
- Increased bandwidth leads to substantial power demands
- Focus on reducing system power, especially optics
- Cisco's Silicon One uses SerDes for efficient data conversion



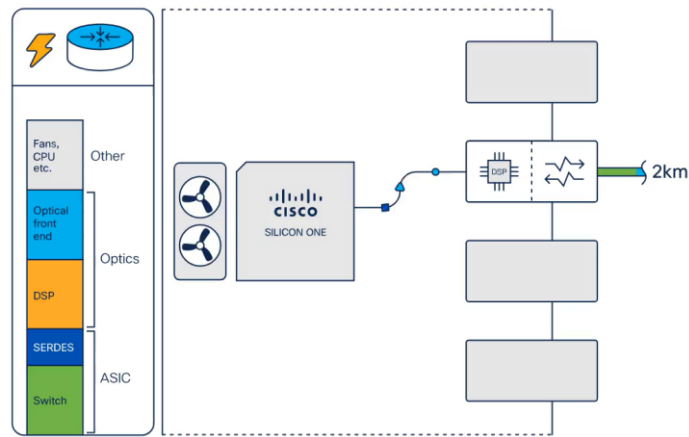
Optics account for approximately 50% of the total power used in AI networking.

# Advance Data Center Sustainability

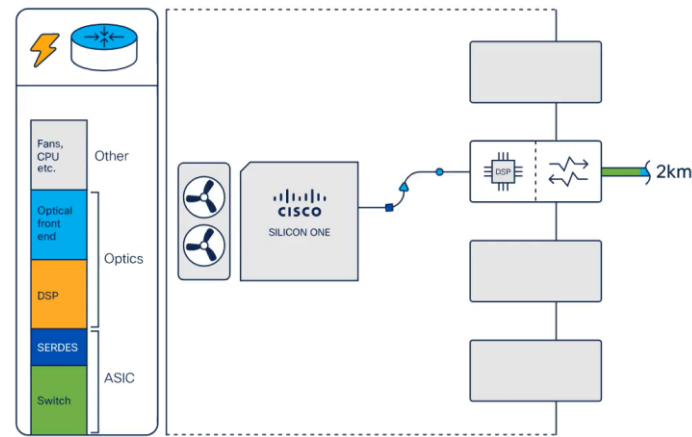


Advanced SerDes innovations

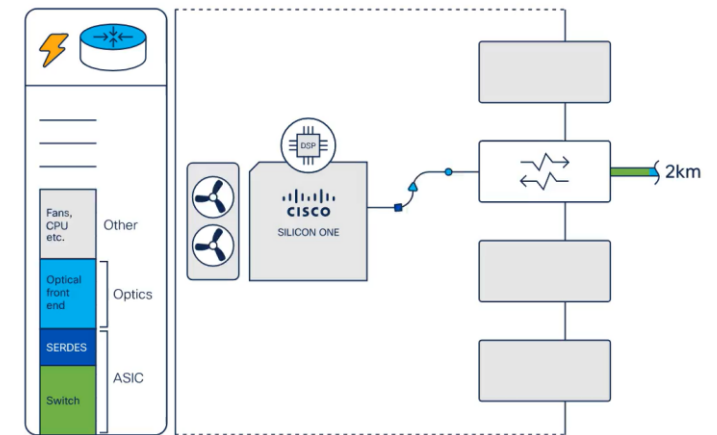
Unique capabilities of Silicon One enable the use of lower power linear pluggable optics (LPO) or passive direct attach copper cables (DAC)



Traditional optics



Linear pluggable optics

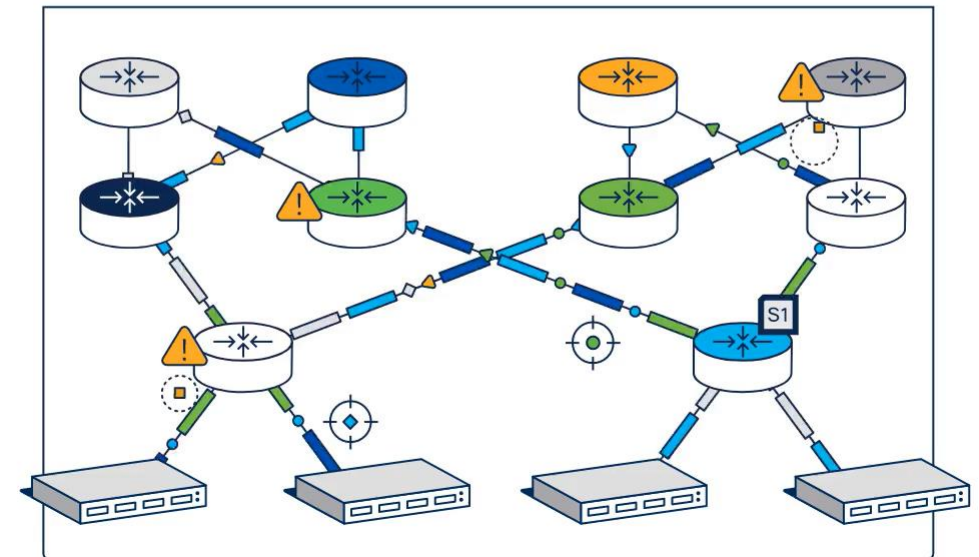
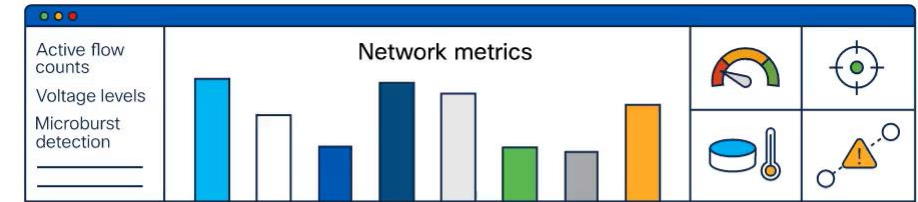


Direct attached cable

# Manage and Control

Streaming telemetry - proactive network optimization

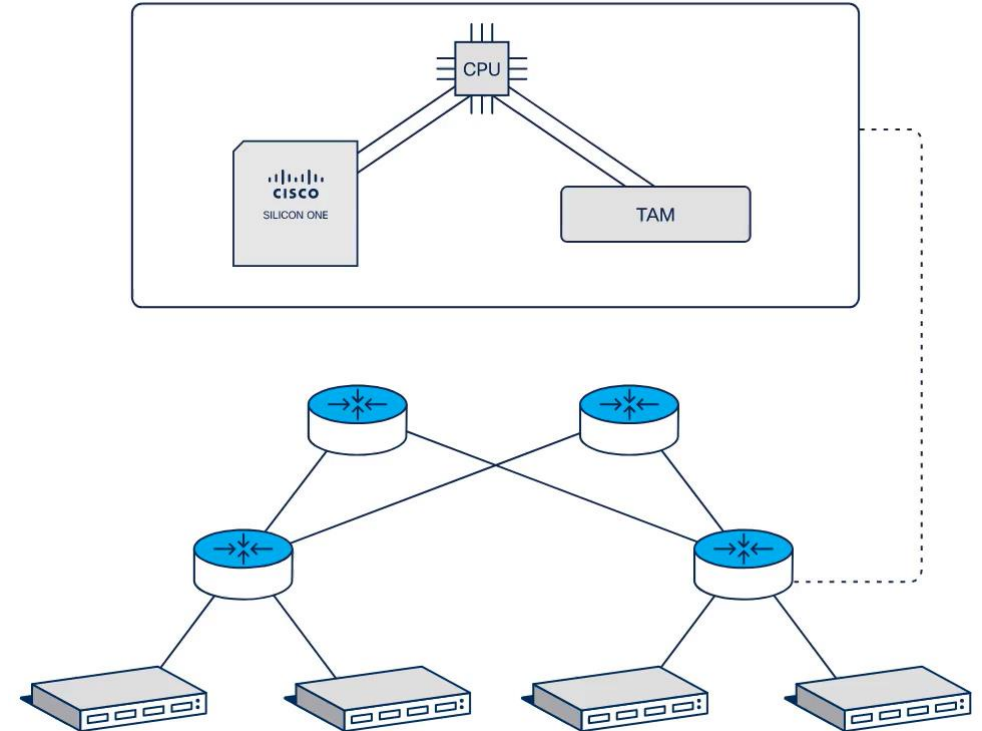
- Proactive network maintenance optimizes performance by addressing weak points and risks
- Telemetry data collection from the control system, particularly from the Cisco Silicon One chip, is vital for this maintenance approach
- Cisco Silicon One collects data on temperature, voltage, link status, congestion, traffic type, active flows, and microburst detection
- The control system updates routing paths using this data to enhance job completion time and reduce latency.



# Security

## Establishing Network Trust

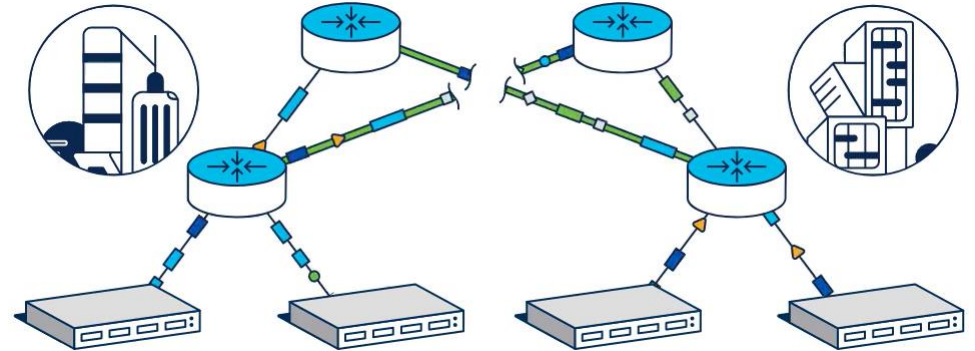
- Cisco Silicon One ensures device security with built-in mechanisms to verify chip authenticity.
- Trust Anchor Module checks CPU software, and the Silicon One device identifies itself to the software.
- Confirms correct installation in intended systems, ensuring trusted systems and networks.



# Security

## Optimized Encryption and Performance

- Cisco Silicon One supports IPsec and MACsec for secure AI workloads in scale-out networks
- Features a unique format combining MACsec and IPsec benefits, tailored for RDMA workloads
- Provides native RDMA support and encapsulates all packet formats beyond IPsec limitations
- Ensures low latency with cut-through functionality and improved load balancing with visible entropy fields
- Enhances job completion time (JCT) compared to IPsec and MACsec



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**Earn** 100 points per survey completed and compete on the Cisco Live Challenge leaderboard.



**Level up** and earn exclusive prizes!



**Complete your surveys** in the Cisco Live mobile app.

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**Book** your one-on-one Meet the Engineer meeting



**Attend** the interactive education with DevNet, Capture the Flag, and Walk-in Labs



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**Contact me at:** [yaagami@cisco.com](mailto:yaagami@cisco.com)

**Thank you**

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